1. Find a parametric representation of the line given by the system of equations:

$$\begin{cases} x+2y+5z = 1\\ 3x-4y-5z = 3 \end{cases}$$

- 2. Given a parametric representation of the line $\boldsymbol{x}(t) = (1, -1, 1)^T + t(2, 0, 1)^T$, write down a representation in terms of the system of equations of two planes.
- 3. Determine whether the line $\boldsymbol{x}(t) = (-2, 3, 2)^T + t(3, -4, 1)^T$ intersects the plane 4x + 4y 2z = 5. If so, then at what point?
- 4. Consider the line given by

$$2x - y + 3z = 4$$
$$x + y + z = 2$$

Find a parametric representation of the line obtained by reflecting this line through the plane

$$x + 3y - z = 1.$$

- 5. Find the distance from the point (1, 2, -1) to the plane 2x + 3y + 5z = 0. Find an equation for the plane passing through the given point and parallel to the given plane.
- 6. Find the distance from the point $\boldsymbol{x}_0 = (2, 1, 3)$ to the line

$$\boldsymbol{x}(t) = (1, 2, 3)^T + t(1, -1, 1)^T.$$

- 7. Find the distance between two lines $\boldsymbol{x}(s) = (s-1, s+1, s)^T$ and $\boldsymbol{x}(t) = (1-t, 1+t, 1+t)^T$.
- 8. Consider the curve given by $x^4 + y^4 + 4xy = 0$. Find all points on the curve where the tangent line is vertical.
- 9. Consider the graph of $f(x,y) = \sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y-2)^2 + 1}$. Find a point on this surface where the tangent plane is horizontal (i.e. parallel to the xy plane). Write an equation for the tangent plane at that point.
- 10. Let $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 2y^2 + 3xy x + y 1$. Find the gradient of f, the critical points, and Hessian at these points. For each point determine whether it is a local max, local min, or saddle point.